

definite integrals

[SQA] 1. Evaluate $\int_1^2 \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 dx$.

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Part	Marks	Level	Calc.	Content	Answer	U2 OC2
	5	C	NC	C12, C13, C15		1998 P1 Q12
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ know to expand brackets •² $x^4 + 2x + x^{-2}$ •³ $\frac{1}{5}x^5 + x^2$ •⁴ $-\frac{1}{x}$ •⁵ $9\frac{7}{10}$ 						

[SQA] 2. Find the value of $\int_1^2 \frac{u^2 + 2}{2u^2} du$.

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Part	Marks	Level	Calc.	Content	Answer	U2 OC2
	4	C	NC	C15		1989 P1 Q16
	1	A/B	NC	C15		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ strat: know to divide •² $\frac{1}{2} + u^{-2}$ •³ $\frac{1}{2}u$ •⁴ $-u^{-1}$ •⁵ 1 						

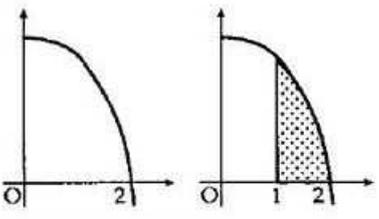
[SQA] 3.

(a) Find the value of $\int_1^2 (4 - x^2) dx$.

3

(b) Sketch a graph and shade the area represented by the integral in (a).

2

Part	Marks	Level	Calc.	Content	Answer	U2 OC2
(a)	3	C	NC	C15		1991 P1 Q16
(b)	2	C	NC	C16		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ $4x$ •² $\frac{1}{3}x^3$ •³ $1\frac{2}{3}$ •⁴ for diagram 1 as shown •⁵ shading 1 to 2 <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">  </div>						

[SQA] 4. Evaluate $\int_1^9 \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$.

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Part	Marks	Level	Calc.	Content	Answer	U2 OC2
	5	C	NC	C15		1992 P1 Q8

• 1	$x^{\frac{1}{2}}$	• 3	$\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}$
• 2	$x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$	• 4	$2x^{\frac{1}{2}}$
		• 5	$21\frac{1}{3}$

[SQA] 5. Find the value of $\int_1^4 \sqrt{x} dx$.

4

Part	Marks	Level	Calc.	Content	Answer	U2 OC2
	4	C	NC	C15		1997 P1 Q10

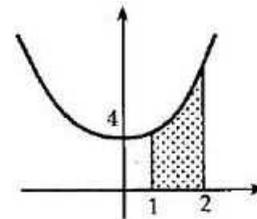
• 1	$x^{\frac{1}{2}}$
• 2	$x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{3}{2}$
• 3	$\frac{2}{3} \left(4^{\frac{3}{2}} - 1^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)$
• 4	$\frac{14}{3}$

[SQA] 6. Evaluate $\int_1^2 (3x^2 + 4) dx$ and draw a sketch to illustrate the area represented by this integral.

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Part	Marks	Level	Calc.	Content	Answer	U2 OC2
	5	C	NC	C15, C16		1990 P1 Q6

• 1	x^3		
• 2	$4x$		
• 3	11		
• 4	sketch of parabola with min above origin		
• 5	shade from 1 to 2		



[SQA] 7. Evaluate $\int_{-3}^0 (2x + 3)^2 dx$.

Part	Marks	Level	Calc.	Content	Answer	U3 OC2
	4	C	NC	C22, C15		1996 P1 Q5

• ¹	$\frac{1}{3}(2x+3)^3$			• ¹	$\frac{4}{3}x^3$
• ²	+2		OR	• ²	$6x^2 + 9x$
• ³	$\frac{1}{6}(3)^3 - \frac{1}{6}(-6+3)^3$			• ³	$ 0 - \left[\frac{4}{3}(-3)^3 + 6(-3)^2 + 9(-3) \right]$
• ⁴	9			• ⁴	9

[END OF QUESTIONS]